

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Opice Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/628,337		07/29/2003	George Liu	MR957-1372	6061
4586	7590	03/04/2005		EXAM	INER
		EIN & LEE	VANAMAN, FRANK BENNETT		
3458 ELLICOTT CENTER DRIVE-SUITE 101 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				3618	
				. DATE MAILED: 02/04/200	e

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/628,337	LIU, GEORGE					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Frank Vanaman	3618					
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th							
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and the s	awn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.						
	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati onty documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/06 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	_	ratent Application (PTO-152)					

Application/Control Number: 10/628,337

Art Unit: 3618

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 1, lines 14-24 and claim 2, lines 13-21, it is not clear whether or not applicant is attempting to incorporate method limitations into an apparatus claim, thus rendering the scope unclear.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blackburn (US 6,547,264, filed 11/2001) in view of Harvey (US 1,445,395). Blackburn teaches a walled holding plate and cart including a tray/plate (18/20, note particularly the prior art drawings), which includes a bottom and plural upstanding walls (18) including rectangular openings through which wheeled supporting rods (wheels 26, rods 12) are passed (note figures 1, 2, 3), the walls including further extension portions at their respective lateral or longitudinal ends (note figure 1, proximate rods 12), each extension portion being located proximate the opening through which the rods 12 pass. and each extension portion having a width substantially the same as that of the rod, and thus the opening, wherein the walls extend perpendicularly to the bottom, and the extension portions extend perpendicularly to their respective walls and the bottom, the tray being supported by threaded fasteners (38) which extend through apertures formed in the extension portions and the rods (note figure 2). The reference to Blackburn fails to specifically teach that the bottom, walls and extension portions are formed from a single piece by a folding process. Harvey teaches a walled holding tray (18, 19, 20), having a bottom (18), side walls (19) and extension portions (20), the tray being formed from a

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/628,337 Page 3

Art Unit: 3618

piece of material (compare solid and phantom, figure 4) and folded to form the desired shape with a fold line at the intersection of the bottom and walls, and a further fold line at the intersection of the walls and the extension portions. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make the tray taught by Blackburn from a folding process for the purpose of allowing the use of a single piece of material, thus reducing manufacturing and parts acquisition costs.

Application of Prior Art to Claims Rejected under 35 USC § 112

4. As regards claims currently rejected under 35 USC §112, second paragraph, please note that rejections under 35 USC §102 and 103 should not be based upon considerable speculation as to the meaning of the terms employed and assumptions as to the scope of the claims when the claims are not definite. See In re Steele 305 F.2d 859, 862, 134 USPQ 292, 295 (CCPA 1962). When no reasonably definite meaning can be ascribed to certain terms in a claim, the subject matter does not become anticipated or obvious, but rather the claim becomes indefinite. See In re Wilson 424 F.2d 1382, 1385, 165 USPQ 494, 496 (CCPA 1970). As such the currently pending claims may be subject to prior art rejections not set forth herein upon the clarification of the claim language.

Conclusion

- 5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Moore (US 2,044,588), Cummings (US 3,722,700), Benz (US 4,947,273), Gottlieb (US 5,473,995), Bazany (US 5,522,539), Riley (US 5,882,612), Austin et al. (US 6,598,540), Hanson et al. (US 6,814,362), and Stevenson et al. (GB 1,132,148) teach cart and shelf structures of pertinence.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to F. Vanaman whose telephone number is 703-308-0424. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

Art Unit: 3618

A response to this action should be mailed to:

Mail Stop

Commissioner for Patents

P. O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450,

Or faxed to one of the following fax servers:

Regular Communications/Amendments: 703-872-9326

After Final Amendments: 703-872-9327

Customer Service Communications: 703-872-9325

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

F. VANAMAN
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3618